## M2S1 - EXERCISES 4

## GENERATING FUNCTIONS AND TRANSFORMATIONS

## 1. Transformations of Normal random variables.

The continuous random variable Z with range  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{R}$  has pdf given by

$$f_z(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}z^2\right\} \qquad z \in \mathbb{R}$$

(a) Find the mgf of random variable Z, the pdf and the mgf of random variable X where

$$X = \mu + \frac{1}{\lambda}Z.$$

for parameters  $\mu$  and  $\lambda > 0$ .

Find the expectation of X, and the expectation of the function g(X) where  $g(x) = e^x$ .

(b) Suppose now Y is the random variable defined in terms of X by  $Y = e^X$  Find the pdf of Y, and show that the expectation of Y is

$$\exp\left\{\mu + \frac{1}{2\lambda^2}\right\}$$

(c) Finally, let random variable T be defined by  $T = Z^2$ . Find the pdf and mgf of Z.

2. Suppose that random variable X has mgf  $M_X$  given by

$$M_X(t) = \frac{1}{8}e^t + \frac{2}{8}e^{2t} + \frac{5}{8}e^{3t}$$

Find the probability distribution, and the expectation and variance of X (hint: consider  $G_X$ , and its definition).

3. Suppose that random variable X has mgf given by

$$M_X(t) = \left(1 - \theta + \theta e^t\right)^n$$

for some  $\theta$ , where  $0 \le \theta \le 1$ . Obtain a power series expansion for  $M_X(t)$ , and hence identify  $\mathbb{E}_{f_X}[X^r]$  for r = 1, 2, 3, ...

4. Suppose that X is a continuous random variable with pdf

$$f_X(x) = \exp\{-(x+2)\}$$
  $-2 < x < \infty$ 

Find the mgf of X, and hence find the expectation and variance of X.

5. Suppose that X is a random variable with mass function/pdf  $f_X$  and mgf  $M_X$ . The cumulant generating function of X,  $K_X$ , is defined by  $K_X(t) = \log [M_X(t)]$ . Prove that

$$\frac{d}{dt} \{ K_X(t) \}_{t=0} = E_{f_X}[X] \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \{ K_X(t) \}_{t=0} = Var_{f_X}[X]$$

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## DISCRETE AND CONTINUOUS MULTIVARIATE DISTRIBUTIONS

6. Suppose that X and Y are discrete random variables with joint mass function given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = c \frac{2^{x+y}}{x!y!}$$
  $x, y = 0, 1, 2, ....$ 

and zero otherwise, for some constant c. Find the value of c, and the marginal mass functions of X and Y. Prove that X and Y are independent random variables.

7. Continuous random variables X and Y have joint cdf,  $F_{X,Y}$  defined for  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  by

$$F_{X,Y}(x,y) = (1 - e^{-x}) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \tan^{-1} y\right) \qquad x \ge 0$$

and zero otherwise. Find the joint pdf,  $f_{X,Y}$ . Are X and Y independent ?

8. Suppose that X and Y are continuous random variables with joint pdf given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = cx(1-y) \qquad 0 < x < 1, \ 0 < y < 1$$

and zero otherwise for some constant c. Are X and Y independent random variables ?

Find the value of c., and, for the set  $A \equiv \{(x, y) : 0 < x < y < 1\}$ , the probability

$$P[X < Y] = \int_{A} \int f_{X,Y}(x,y) \, dxdy$$

9. Suppose that the joint pdf of X and Y is given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 24xy$$
  $x > 0, y > 0, x + y < 1$ 

and zero otherwise. Find the marginal pdf of X,  $f_X$ .

Hint: Sketch the region on which the joint density is non-zero; remember that the integrand is only non-zero for some part of the integral range

10. Suppose that X and Y are continuous random variables with joint pdf given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2x^2y}$$
  $1 \le x < \infty, 1/x \le y \le x$ 

and zero otherwise. Derive the marginal pdf of X, the marginal pdf of Y, the conditional pdf of X given Y = y, and the conditional pdf of Y given X = x. Calculate the marginal expectation of Y,  $E_{f_Y}[Y]$ .