

**M1M1 Progress Test 2: November 16<sup>th</sup> 2007.**

Write your name **clearly** on your answer book.

No calculators, books or lecture notes.

50 minutes. Attempt all four questions.

1. The (continuous) function  $f(x)$  is defined for all  $x$  by

$$f(x) = x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \quad \text{for } x \neq 0, \quad \text{and} \quad f(0) = 0.$$

- (a) Using any method, find  $f'(x)$ , for  $x \neq 0$ .  
(b) For  $x = 0$ , show from first principles that the derivative  $f'(0)$  exists and evaluate it.  
(c) Combining (a) and (b), what do you deduce about the derivative  $f'(x)$ ?
2. Using Leibniz' rule, evaluate the  $n$ 'th derivative

$$\left(\frac{d^n}{dx^n}\right) [x^2 e^x].$$

Hence find the Maclaurin series for the function  $x^2 e^x$ .

Compare your answer with one obtained directly from the series for  $\exp(x)$ .

3. The function  $g(x)$  is such that  $g(0) = 0$  and has the derivative

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{5 + \sin x}.$$

Use the Mean Value Theorem to find numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  such that

$$\alpha < g\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right) < \beta.$$

4. Determine, by any method, the value of the limit

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{\log(1+t)}{t} + \frac{t^2 + 7t + 12}{t^3 + 4t^2 - 1} + (\tanh t) \tan^{-1}(2t) + t \sin\left(\frac{2}{t}\right) \right].$$